



Low-Latency Heterogeneous Networks with Millimeter- Wave Communications

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ABSTRACT

- The heterogeneous network (HetNet) is a key enabler to largely boost network coverage and capacity in the forthcoming 5G and beyond. To support the explosively growing mobile data volumes, wireless communications with millimeter-wave (mmWave) radios have attracted massive attention, and is widely considered as a promising candidate in 5G HetNets. In this article, we give an overview on the end-to-end latency of HetNets with mmWave communications. In general, it is rather challenging to formulate and optimize the delay problem with buffers in mmWave communications, since conventional graph-based network optimization techniques are not applicable when queues are considered. Toward this end, we develop an adaptive low-latency strategy, which uses cooperative networking to reduce the end-to-end latency. Then we evaluate the performance of the introduced strategy. Results reveal the importance of proper cooperative networking in reducing the end-to-end latency.

EXISTING SYSTEM

- To significantly improve the spectral efficiency and throughput, future wireless networks, for example, the fifth generation (5G) mobile network and beyond, are expected to be largely implemented heterogeneously, that is, heterogeneous networks (HetNets) .
- With the proliferation of electronic devices and the rapid development of computer science, the traffic load of wireless communications increases continuously and tremendously. To meet the ever increasing requirements in capacity, one of the most important technologies is millimeter-wave (mmWave), which enables multi-gigabit-per-second transmission rates, thanks to the abundant spectral resources .

PROPOSED SYSTEM

- In this Paper, we give an overview on the end-to-end latency of HetNets with mmWave communications. In general, it is rather challenging to formulate and optimize the delay problem with buffers in mmWave communications, since conventional graph-based network optimization techniques are not applicable when queues are considered. Toward this end, we develop an adaptive low-latency strategy, which uses cooperative networking to reduce the end-to-end latency. Then we evaluate the performance of the introduced strategy.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

- Processor - Pentium –III
- Speed - 1.1 Ghz
- RAM - 256 MB(min)
- Hard Disk - 20 GB
- Floppy Drive - 1.44 MB
- Key Board - Standard Windows Keyboard
- Mouse - Two or Three Button Mouse
- Monitor - SVGA

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

- Operating System : Windows 8
- Front End : Java /DOTNET
- Database : Mysql/HEIDISQL

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CONCLUSION

- HetNets with mmWave communications can significantly improve network coverage and capacity to satisfy ever increasing requirements in data rates and latency. We have considered a HetNet consisting of one MeNB, two SeNBs, and one UE, and investigated the low-latency strategy for the downlink transmission from the MeNB to the UE. For the HetNets with buffers, we have introduced an adaptive strategy based on cooperative networking, which largely minimizes the latency through optimizing traffic allocations. Results have demonstrated that proper cooperative networking is critical in reducing the end-to-end latency, thereby providing an insight on traffic management and network optimization for future HetNets.

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